Beef Plentiful 'Out Where West Begins'

by Winn Nelson

Lincoln Journal and Star February 20, 1944

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Courtesy Nebraska State Historical Society



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Dad's Top

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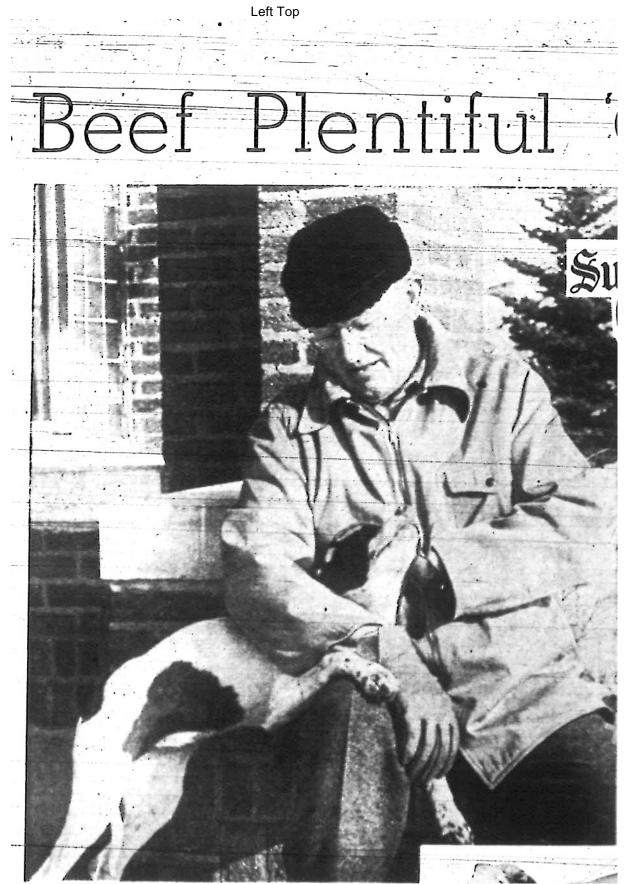
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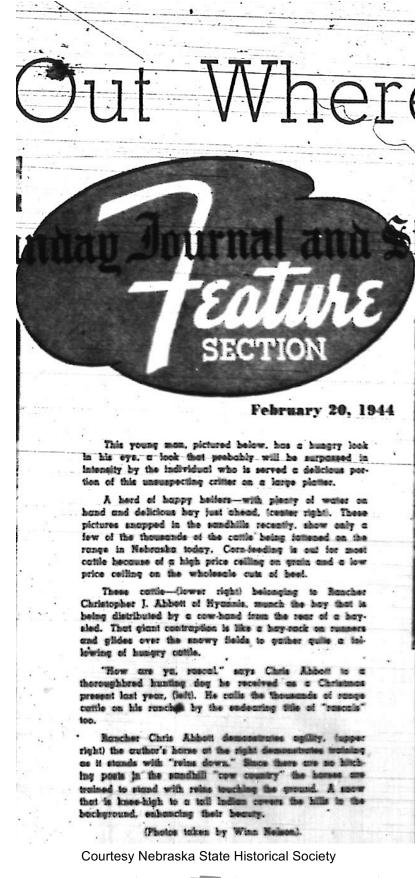








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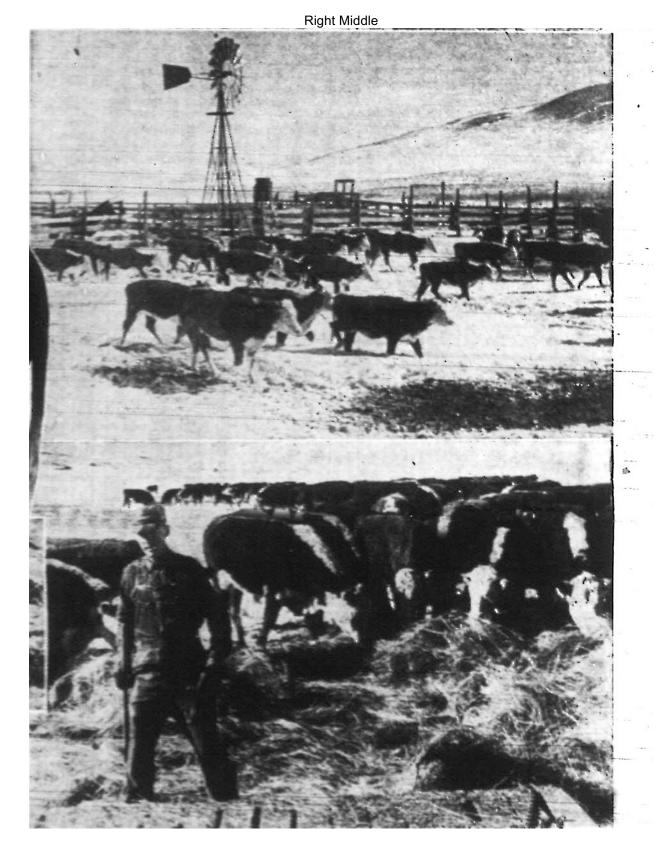
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And the 1,000 whitefaced Herefords gazed back at him, as cattle will, with a studied look in their collective eye.

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Those customers aren't getting the meat now unless they resort to black markets and exhorbitant prices.

Most Lincolnites have observed that a short trip past the outskirts of a metropolitan center usually brings them to a not-so-well-lighted roadhouse where steaks are featured on the menu with large dollar signs.

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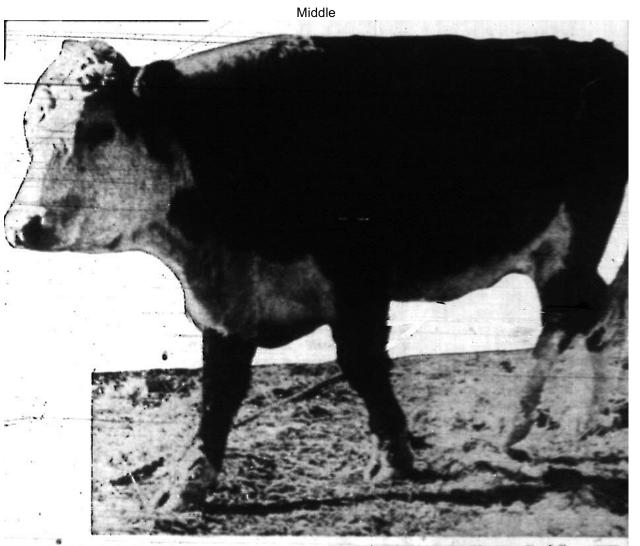
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tion, denied their beef helpings, will find they can get along without meat and still be happy as far as appetites are concerned. It took years to restore the nation's meal-eating habits after the last war, and the former level has never been equaled. The public doesn't need meat for its appetite but it does need meat for nutrition, which means good health. Meat, a concentrated protein food, contains everything necessary for the human diet, a fact born out by laboratory tests and human experiment.

In normal times the meat production business has been, from the standpoint of dollar income, the greatest single industry in the nation. Livestock products provide, by far the greatest percentage of all farm income, providing 70 per cent of it in the two Dakotas, Minnesota, Iowa and Nebraska. (1941 Bell Telephone statistics.)

Byannis, Beef Center

Center of this great industry in Nebraska and mecca of the sandhills, is Hyannis, which was famed in former years for having the greatest number of millionaires per capita of any town in the United States.

Tales of gold-plated hath tubs and marble houses have come down out of the sandhills to the off-times poverty-ridden farm crop section all around it.

Hyannis is the center of operation for many big cattlemen, and they surround themselves with ranch properties in the neighboring territory.

A good-sized sandhills ranch has about 30,000 acres of grassland Many city-folk never come to realize the vastness of such a holding. They may even have as erroteous an idea as the Yale student, who was asked by his professor after a lecture on the 'cattle industry, how many acres he thought necessary to raise 1,000 cattle. The student considered seriously and answered, "I think 60 acres would be enough, str." Actually, 10,000 acres would have been a better estimate.

The sandhills region is prodigious to the point of makebelieve. Its residents is prewar days bragged that any couple coming there to ranch could be positive of more than average financial security inside of 20 years, if they managed properly, Those claims have been born out repeatedly. The region weathered the '20s when agricultural men







everywhere else were taking out bankrupicy.

"It's a haymakers' heaven," declared Rancher Abbott as he - started enumerating the reasons why the area is so fabulous and different from any other spot in the country.

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a Hawley, Cpl. Nors ter and Prt. Harrist Turner. Stand-te: Prt. Paggy Macey, Prt. Sharrill shelle Bicsie, Pvt. Pearl Grieser Mardis, (Stall Photo.)

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(The Panhandle was the hunting grounds of "Old Jules," gunis the title of one of Marie Sandon' pest-seller.)

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"The grasses of the sandhills are lush and nutritious," Abbott continued. Corn feeders find that it is often easier to fatten sandhill steers then range cattle from other regions, because of the grasses' nutritious quality.

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A cow and 10 acres of land is the first step in the business of becoming a cattle-rancher. Abbott started the business at a tender age as his "father's top man," and together the Abbott family accumulated through the years several western Ne-West ranch near Ashby which is said to be the largest single holding in the sandhills.

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TRANSCRIPT

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(Center Top photo caption)

Sunday Journal and Star Feature Section February 20, 1944

This young man pictured below has a hungry look in his eye, a look that will probably be surpassed in intensity by the individual who is served a delicious portion of this unsuspecting critter on a large platter.

A herd of happy heifers — with plenty of water on hand and delicious hay just ahead. (center right). These snapped in the sandhills recently, show only a few of the thousands of the cattle being fattened on the range in Nebraska today. Corn-feeding is out for most cattle because of the high price ceiling on grain and a low price ceiling on the wholesale cuts of beef.

These cattle — (lower right) belonging to Rancher Christopher J. Abbott of Hyannis, munch the hay that is being distributed by a cow-hand from the rear of a hay-sled. That giant contraption is like a hay-rack on runners and glides over the snowy fields to gather quite a following of hungry cattle.

"How are ya, rascal" says Chris Abbott to a thoroughbred hunting dog he received as a Christmas present last year, (left). He calls the thousands of range cattle on his ranch by the endearing title of "rascal" too.

Rancher Chris Abbott demonstrates agility, (upper right) the author's horse at the right demonstrates training as it stands with "reins down." Since there are no hitching posts in the sandhill "cow country" the horses are trained to stand with reins touching the ground. A snow that is knee-high to a tall Indian covers the hills in the background, enhancing their beauty.

(Photos taken by Winn Nelson)

(Left Middle 1, Left Middle 2, Left Bottom p. 7 – 9, first column)

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And therein lies the story of why the New Yorker or the Nebraskan is not getting a great supply of legitimate beef — the cattle are roaming the range, being fattened for the market through the dreadfully slow process of grass-feeding, and are not hanging by their heels in a butcher shop where Joe and Jane Steaklover can buy them.

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(Right Bottom p. 11)

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(The Panhandle was the hunting grounds of "Old Jules," gun-totin' horticulturist whose name is the title of one of Marie Sandoz' best seller [sic].)

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Finally, the convenience of transporting the cattle to market makes the sandhills a favored front. Three major railroad lines of the state pass through the northern, southern and central section of the sandhills, and cattle need not be trailed long distances, as in Texas, to reach the steel rails that bear them a short distance to market.

The sandhills people, to a greater degree than any other agricultural group in Nebraska, have made the most out of the land they occupy. Its soil is too sandy for crop farming so they don't try to make it produce corn or wheat — they stick to beef-steak farming.

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He carries out method even to . . .

(continued on Page Four — *Not Available*)

(Center Bottom p. 12)

May Form Women's CAP Squadron

YOUNG women aviation enthusiasts will have an opportunity to join the ranks of the women's squadron of the Lincoln civil air patrol this week. An open house will be held from 7 until 9:30 p. m. Thursday, February 24, at the squadron's headquarters in the basement of the Elks club building, Twelfth and P streets.

Prospective members will be interviewed and will have a chance to become acquainted with other C. A. P. members Thursday night.

Lt. K. D. Kimmel commander of the Lincoln squadron has announced that although the meteorology and code classes have been underway for a couple of weeks, the new members may still enroll.

Classes are held at 7:30 p. m. on Monday and at 8 p. m. on Wednesday night of each week at the office headquarters. Members must be 16 years of age or over.

May Organize Separate Squadron.

All young women interested in the furthering of aviation through the civil air patrol are urged to join up during open house Thursday so that class enrollment will be complete. If 50 women are requited the Lincoln squadron will organize a separate women's group. At present, the women, men and cadets are united in their meetings.

Photo Caption: Union airport has become a favorite spot for Sunday afternoon meetings of the women's squadron of the Lincoln civil air patrol which is recruiting new members this week. Aviation enthusiasts pictured above are: first row, left ro right. Sgt. Ana Cerovski, Pfc. Neva Axon, Y/Sgt. Audra Hawley, Cpl. Norma Slajchert, Pvt. Eileen Boerrigter and Pvt. Harriet Turner. Standing left to right are Pvt. Peggy Morey, Pvt. Sherrill Von Birgen, Cpl. Annabelle Birnie. Pvt. Pearl Grieser, and Pvt. Marilyn Mardis. (Staff photo)







The personnel of the women's group now includes: Ana Cerovski, Neva Axon, Audra Hawley, Norma Slajchert, Eileen Boerrigter, Harriet Turner, Peggy Morey, Sherrill Von Birgen, Anabelle Birnie, Pearl Grieser, Marilyn Mardis, Madeline Wisbey, Cora Mae Briggs, Hellen Fell, Lydia Snyder, Nora Moore, Dorothy Boettcher, Delores Bloom, Mary Derrick, and Ruth Duerr.





